

SYLLABUS FOR BE ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING / (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS
ENGINEERING) / ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (ELECTRONICS & POWER) SEMESTER
PATTERN CHOICE BASED CREDIT GRADE SYSTEM

3EE01 /3 EP01 /3EX01 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - III

Course Outcomes:

After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate the knowledge of differential equations and partial differential equations, applied to electrical engineering systems.
2. Apply Laplace transform to solve differential equations.
3. Demonstrate the use of Fourier Transform to connect the time domain and frequency domain.
4. Apply Z Transform to solve of various Linear Difference equations with constant coefficients.
5. Apply the knowledge of vector calculus to solve physical problems.
6. Demonstrate the basic concepts of probability and statistics.

SECTION-A

UNIT-I:

Ordinary Differential Equations: - Complete solution, Operator D, Rules for finding complementary function, the inverse operator, Rules for finding the particular integral, Method of variations of parameters, Cauchy's and Legendre's linear differential equations. Applications to electrical circuits. (7)

UNIT-II:

Laplace Transforms: definition, standard forms, properties of Laplace transform, inverse Laplace transform, Laplace transform of some basic functions, initial and final value theorem, convolution theorem, Laplace transform of Periodic Function, Impulse Function, Unit Step Function. Solution of linear differential equation using Laplace transform. (7)

UNIT-III:

a) Partial differential equation of first order and first degree of following type-

- (i) $f(p, q) = 0$; (ii) $f(p, q, z) = 0$; (iii) $f(p, q, x, y) = 0$; (iv) $Pp + Qq = R$ (Lagrange's Form);
(v) Clairaut form $Z = px + qy + f(p, q)$

b) Fourier transforms- Definition, standard forms, inverse Fourier transform Fourier sine and Fourier cosine transforms and integrals. (7)

SECTION-B

UNIT-IV:

a) Difference Equation:- solution of difference equations of first order, solution of difference equations of higher order with constant coefficient.

b) Z-transform: Definition, standard forms, Z-transform of impulse function, Unit step functions, Properties of Z- transforms (Linearity, shifting, multiplication by k, change of scale), initial and final values, inverse Z- transforms (by direct division and partial fraction), Solution of difference equation by Z-transforms. (7)

UNIT-V:

Vector Calculus: - Scalar and Vector point functions, Differentiation of vectors, Curves in space, Gradient of a scalar point function, Directional derivatives, Divergence and curl of a vector point function and their physical meaning, expansion formulae (without proof), Irrotational and Solenoidal vector fields, Line Integral, Stokes and Divergence Theorem. (7)

UNIT-VI:

Statistics & Probability: Axioms, conditional probability, Bay's theorem, mathematical expectations, probability distributions: Binomial, Poisson and Normal. (7)

Books Recommended:

1. Elements of Applied Mathematics by P. N. Wartikar and J. N. Wartikar
2. Advancing Engineering Mathematics by E. K. Kreyzig.
3. Advance Engineering Mathematics by B. S. Grewal
4. Integral Transforms by Goyal & Gupta.
5. Statistical Methods by S.G. Gupta

3EE02/3 EP02/3EX02 ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

Course Outcomes:

After completing this course student will be able to:

1. Analyze electric and magnetic circuits using basic circuit laws
2. Analyze the circuit using Network simplification theorems.
3. Solve circuit problems using concepts of electric network topology.
4. Evaluate transient response of different circuits using Laplace transform
5. Evaluate two-port network parameters and network functions

Unit I:

a) Terminal Element Relationships: V-I relationship for Dependent & Independent, Voltage and Current Sources, Source Transformations. Source Functions: unit impulse, unit step, unit ramp and interrelationship, sinusoidal input, generalized exponential input.

Magnetic Circuits: concept of self and mutual inductance, dot convention, coefficient of coupling, composite magnetic circuit, Analysis of series and parallel magnetic circuits.

b) Basic Nodal and mesh Analysis: Introduction, Nodal analysis, super node analysis, mesh analysis, super mesh analysis.

Unit II:

Network Theorems: Superposition theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Maximum power transfer theorem, Reciprocity theorem, Millman's theorem, Substitution theorem, Compensation theorem, Tellegen's theorem

Unit III :

Graph Theory and Network Equation: Graph of a network, Trees and loops, Tie-set and cut set matrix of a network, Network equilibrium equations, duality-network transformation.

Unit IV:

a) **Transformation of a Circuit into s-domain:** Laplace Transformed equivalent of inductance, capacitance and mutual inductance, Impedance and admittance in the transform domain, Node Analysis and Mesh Analysis of the transformed circuit. Complete Solution of Linear Differential Equations for Series RC, Parallel RC, Series RL, Parallel RL, Series RLC, Parallel RLC and Coupled Circuits-for step Inputs. Natural Response, Transient Response, Determination of initial conditions.

Unit V :

Two Port Networks: Two port networks: Open circuit impedance parameters, Short circuit admittance parameters, Transmission parameters, Hybrid parameters, Condition for reciprocity and symmetry of a two port network, Interrelationship between parameters, Interconnection of two port networks, Input impedance in terms of two port network parameters, Output impedance, Image impedance.

Unit VI :

Network functions: Ports and terminal pairs, Network functions, poles and zeros, Necessary conditions for driving point function, Necessary conditions for transfer function. Applications of network analysis in driving network functions, positive real functions, driving point and transfer impedance function.

Text Book: Network Analysis, M.E. Van Valkenburg, PHI, 2005.

Reference Books:

1. Circuits & Networks – Analysis, Design & Synthesis by M.S. Sukhija, T.K. Nagasarkar, Oxford University Press, 2010.
2. Circuit and Network Analysis, Sudhakar Shyam Mohan, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2005.
3. Network Analysis, P. Ramesh babu, SciTech Publications, Chennai, 2009.

3EE03/3 EP03/3EX03 ELECTRICAL MACHINE - I

Course Outcomes:

After Completing this course, students will be able to:

1. Explain the construction and working of DC Machines.
2. Illustrate the different Characteristics, types, their applications and parallel Operation of D.C. Generators.
3. Demonstrate the various characteristics, starting, speed control and braking operation on DC motors
4. Analyze the performance of DC machines by conducting the various tests on it.
5. Determine the parameters of equivalent circuits, performance parameters of single phase transformer and merits & demerits of autotransformer
6. Explain the construction, working, different connections, applications and testing of three phase transformer.

Unit I :

D.C. Machines: Construction, Principle of Operation, EMF Equation, Torque Equation. Armature winding – Lap, wave, single layer, double layer. Armature Reaction and commutation, method of improving commutation.

Unit II :

D.C. Generators:Types, Characteristics and Applications of D. C. Generators, Parallel Operation of D.C. Generators, Introduction to testing of D. C. Generators as per Indian standard.

Unit III :

D.C. Motors:Types, Characteristics & Modified Characteristics, Applications of D.C. Motors. Starting, Electric Braking, Speed Control of DC Motors. Losses, efficiency and testing of DC Motors.

Unit IV :

Single phase Transformer:Working Operation, EMF Equation, and separation of core losses in to its component. Equivalent Circuit, Parallel Operation. Open Circuit, Short Circuit & Sumpner's test on transformer as per Indian standard. Single phase Autotransformer: - construction, working, merits, demerits and its application.

Unit V :

Three Phase Transformer: Construction, Working, Types, connections, vector group connections, open delta Connection, OC, SC, Heat run test, load test, magnetic balance, vector group test on three phase transformer.

Unit VI :

Three Phase Transformer: Three-winding transformer, On load & Off load tap changers, Scott Connection, Power transformer and Distribution transformer. Waveforms of no load current & inrush current phenomenon.

Text Book:

Electrical Machines by D P Kothari & I J Nagrath Published by Tata McGraw-Hill Book Comp. New Delhi.

Reference Books:

- 1) C. Dawes: Electrical Engineering, Vol.I: Direct current (IV Edition), (McGraw Hill Book Company)
- 2) H. Cotton: Advance Electrical Technology, (Wheeler publication)
- 3) Indian Standard Guide for testing DC Machine. IS: 9320-1979, (Indian Standards Institution, New Delhi.)
- 4) Indian Standard Specification for safety transformer. IS: 1416-1972, (Indian Standards Institution, New Delhi.)

3EE04/3 EP04 – ENERGY RESOURCES AND GENERATION

Course Outcomes:

A student, on completion of this course, will be able to:

1. Explain the operation of Thermal, Hydro, Nuclear and Diesel power plants.
2. Summarize solar energy conversion, solar radiation measuring instruments, wind energy conversion and their applications.
3. Outline the principle and operation of fuel cells, ocean & tidal energy conversion, and other non-conventional energy resources.
4. Determine the various factors and curves related to electrical load & generating plant.

Unit I:

Conventional and non conventional energy sources, Indian Energy Scenario.

Thermal and hydro power plant: Layout of Thermal power plant, Selection of site, working of various parts: Economizer, air preheater, condenser, cooling tower, ash & coal handling plant, advantages & disadvantages
Layout of Hydro power plant, classification of hydro power plant according to available head, nature of load, functions of different components and their working, mini and micro hydro-electric power generation, advantages & disadvantages.

Unit II :

Nuclear and Diesel power plant: nuclear fission and fusion, Layout of Nuclear power plant, Selection of site, Functions of different components of nuclear plant, types of nuclear reactors , advantages & disadvantages of different nuclear reactors, nuclear waste disposal., safety measures.

Layout of Diesel power plant, functions of different components of diesel plant, advantages & disadvantages.

Unit III :

Solar Energy and its measurement: Solar cell, array & module, Solar constants, solar radiation at earth's surface, Solar radiation geometry, solar radiation measurement, estimation of average solar radiation, solar radiation on tilted surface, principle of solar energy conversion in to heat, types of solar collectors, energy balance equation and collector efficiency.

Unit IV:

a)Fuel cells: Chemistry applied to fuel cells, principle and operation ,classification and types of fuel cells, performance characteristics of fuel cells, classification of fuel cell system.

b)Wind energy :Basic principle of wind energy conversion, wind data and energy estimation, selection of site ,basic components of wind energy conversion system ,classification of WEC systems ,generating system, applications of wind energy.

Unit V :

Ocean, Tidal & Other non-conventional energy resources: Ocean energy resources, ocean energy routes, ocean thermal energy conversion, basic principle of tidal power, components of tidal power plants, operation methods of utilization of tidal energy, estimation of power and energy in single and double basin tidal system,. Operating principles of energy from biomass, energy from biogas, geothermal energy, MHD power generation, energy from urban and rural waste.

Unit VI :

Load-Generation factors: connected load, maximum demand, demand factor, load factor, diversity factors, plant capacity and utilization factor, types of loads, load curve, chronological load curve, load duration curve, energy load curve, energy duration curve, load survey, base load and peak load station.

Text Book: Generation of electrical energy by B.R.Gupta, Eurasia Publishing House, New Delhi.

Reference Books:

1. Non conventional energy resources. By G.D.Rai, Khanna Publishers New Delhi
2. Solar energy by S.P.Sukhatme Tata McGraw Hill Publication
3. Principles of Power System by V.K.Mehta, S.Chand publication.
4. Conventional energy technology by S.B.Pandya, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.

3EE05/3 EP05ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS

Course Outcomes:

After successfully completing the course, the students will be able to :

1. Demonstrate the knowledge of semiconductor physics and PN Junction Diode
2. Analyze the rectifier and regulator circuits.
3. Analyze the operational parameters of BJT
4. Analyze various multistage amplifier circuits
5. Demonstrate the knowledge of JFET, MOSFET, UJT and their operational parameters

UNIT-I:

P-N Junction diode theory, Energy bands in intrinsic and extrinsic silicon, carrier transport, diffusion current , drift current, mobility and resistivity, generation and recombination of carriers, PN junction diode , zener diode, zener diode as voltage regulator, Numericals based on voltage regulator (line and load regulation, Numericals based on resistivity, conductivity, mass action law)

UNIT-II:

Half wave, full wave center tapped full wave and bridge rectifier. Filters-C, LC and their analysis, clipping and clamping, Numericals based on clipping and clamping

UNIT-III:

Theory and Analysis of Bipolar Junction transistor, 'H' Parameter, methods of biasing, their needs, 'Q' and stability factors, compensation techniques.

UNIT-IV

Study of typical transistor amplifier circuits i) Emitter follower, ii) Darlington emitter follower. iii) Bootstrap emitter follower, iv) RC coupled amplifier, v) Transformer coupled amplifier, vi) Cascaded amplifier, vii) Direct coupled amplifier, viii) Cascade stage.

UNIT-V :

FETs (JFET & MOSFET): Types, Characteristics and parameters (u , g_m & R_{ds}), Applications of FET amplifiers, UJT: Characteristics, working, UJT as relaxation oscillator.

UNIT-VI :

Theory, construction and applications of Schottky diode, Tunnel diode, Varactor diode, Selenium diode, LED, Photo diode, PIN diode, photo-transistor.

Text Book: Millman's Electronic Devices & Circuits by J. Millman, C. Halkias, Satyabrata Jit TMH 3rd ed, 2nd reprint 2011.

Reference Books:

1. Electronic Devices and Circuits 5/e – David Bell Oxford University Press
2. Microelectronic Circuits 5/3 – Sedranad Smith Oxford University Press
3. Boylestad R. and "Electronics Devices & Circuits", Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi (Fifth Edition), 1993.

3EE06/3 EP06/3EX06 ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS LAB

Minimum eight experiments based on the syllabus content of 3EP02 Electrical Circuit Analysis. The intensive list of experiment is given below.

1. Verification of output response of series R-C circuit for step input
2. Study of dot convention and determination of
 - A) Mutual inductance
 - B) Coupling coefficient of b transformer
3. Verification of Mesh and Node analysis.
4. Verification of Superposition theorem.
5. Verification of Thevenin's theorem.
6. Verification of Maximum Power Transfer theorem.
7. Verification of reciprocity theorem.
8. Study of Milliman's theorem & verification.
9. Verification of Norton's theorem.
10. Determination of ABCD parameters T-network & II-network.
11. Study of Tie set and Cut set schedule for a given network.
12. MATLAB simulation for o/p verification of any theorem.
13. Determination of Z and Y parameter.
14. Determination of hybrid parameter.

3EE07/3 EP07/3EX07 ELECTRICAL MACHINES - I LAB.

Minimum eight experiments based on the syllabus content of 3EP03 Electrical Machines – I.

The indicative list of experiments is given below.

1. Plot the OCC of DC generator and find its critical resistance and critical speed.
2. To study the build-up of DC shunt generator, calculate critical resistance at different speeds.
3. Plot/Compare: External, Internal Characteristics of DC Shunt/series/compound generator.
4. Calculate the efficiency and voltage regulation of DC generator by the direct load test.
5. Speed Control of DC Shunt motor by armature control & Field Control method.
6. Perform the direct load test on DC series/shunt/compound motor to plot its performance characteristics, and determine its efficiency and speed regulation.
7. Conduct the Swinburn's test on DC machine to estimate its performance at any desired load condition.
8. Conduct the Hopkinson's test on DC Machine to analyze its performance.
9. Perform Electric Braking Operation on DC shunt Motor.
10. Conduct the Polarity test and Ratio test on transformer
11. Calculate the Equivalent circuit parameters of single-phase transformer by performing OC & SC test on it and determine its efficiency and voltage regulation.

12. Perform the direct load test on single phase/three phase transformer and determine its efficiency and voltage regulation.
13. Conduct back to back test (Sumpner's test) on two single phase transformers and determine the temperature rise.
14. Conduct the magnetic balance test on three phase transformer.
15. Conduct the vector group test on three phase transformer.
16. Conversion of three phase to two phase supply system using Scott Connection
17. Capture the waveform of inrush current of single phase/three phase transformer using DSO.

Reference:

S.G.Tarnekar, P.K.Kharbanda, S.B.Bodkhe, S.D.Naik and D.J.Dahigaonkar "Laboratory Courses in Electrical Engineering", S. Chand & Co. New Delhi, 2013.

3EE08/3 EP08/3EX08 ELECTRONIC DEVICES & CIRCUITS LAB

Minimum eight experiments based on the syllabus content of 3EP05 Electronic Devices & Circuits. The intensive list of experiment is given below.

1. To study and verify V-I characteristics of semiconductor diode
2. To study and verify V-I characteristics of Zener diode.
3. To verify the performance of half wave rectifier circuit with and without filter.
4. To verify the performance of full wave bridge rectifier circuit and determination of load regulation.
5. To verify the performance of Zener voltage regulator.
6. To verify characteristics of bipolar junction transistor
7. To study and perform C-E amplifier gain with variation of load resistance.
8. To study and verify the characteristics of FET
9. To study UJT as a relaxation oscillator
10. To study phase shift oscillator & determine frequency of oscillation
11. To study characteristics of MOSFT
12. To study clipper circuits using diodes
13. To study clamper circuits using diodes
14. To study and verify operation of cascade amplifiers
15. To verify operation of transistor as a switch

3EE09/3 EP09/3EX09 ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY - LAB

Perform minimum Eight practicals / demonstration from the following list and prepare the report as a term work for this laboratory.

1. Introduction to standard symbols used in wiring diagrams
2. Introduction to different wiring accessories.
3. Demonstration of different types of wirings eg. Domestic wiring, commercial wiring, Industrial wiring.
4. Connection of Staircase wiring, Godown wiring, fluorescent lamp. Ceiling fan, air cooler etc
5. Domestic wiring diagrams
6. Connections of switch board, MCB and energy meter
7. Testing and electrical Maintenance of domestic appliances like lamps, electric iron, heater, geyser, air cooler, fan, microwave-oven, induction heater, etc.
8. Insulation resistance and earth resistance measurement
9. Conduct the load survey for domestic/commercial /Industrial consumers
10. Illumination system Design (selection of type and number of lamps required for any location)
11. Calculation of Energy bill for LT & HT consumers.
12. Safety precautions while working with electrical system
13. Demonstration of first aid treatment after getting electric shock.
14. Study of various components of solar power plant.
15. Design calculation of small capacity roof top solar power plant

SEMESTER – IV

4EE01/4EP01/4EX01 ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

Course outcomes :

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

1. Demonstrate the basic mathematical concepts related to electromagnetic vector fields.
2. Apply the principles of electrostatics to the solutions of problems relating to electric field and electric potential, boundary conditions and electric energy density.
3. Apply the principles of magneto statics to the solutions of problems relating to magnetic field.
4. Apply Maxwell's equation in different forms (differential and integral) to diverse engineering problems.

Unit I :

Review of Vector Analysis: Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical co-ordinate systems, vector algebra and vector calculus. Line integral and multiple integrals. Gauss theorem.

Unit II :

Electrostatics: Coulomb's law, electric field, Gauss flux theorem in integral and differential form. Electrostatics potential, Poisson and Laplace equations.

Unit III :

Electrostatics fields in dielectrics: electric dipole, polarization. P and D vectors, boundary conditions. Capacitance and electrical energy.

Unit IV :

Magnetic fields: Biot-Savart law, Ampere's law in integral and differential form. Continuity equation, time of relaxation. Vector and Scalar magnetic potential, electric current, J vector..

Unit V

Magnetic fields in materials: magnetic dipole equivalent volume and plane section curve. H vector, magnetization vector M, boundary conditions between magnetic materials, inductance, Electromagnetic Energy.

Unit VI :

Maxwell equations and wave equations: Displacement current, time varying fields and Maxwell's equations, plane uniform magnetic waves. Depth of penetration Poynting vector

Text Book: "Engineering Electromagnetics", by Hayt W.H. Tata Mc-Graw Hill publication

Reference Books:

1. Electromagnetic fields by TVS Arun Murthy S Chand & Co
2. Principles and applications of Electromagnetic fields by Plansycolin , Mc-Graw Hill Books Co.
3. Foundations of electromagnetic theory by John Reitz, Addison Wesley Pub Co.
4. Basic electromagnetic field by Herbert Neelf, Harber International education
5. Introduction to electromagnetic, Derucy and Johnson, Mc-Graw Hill Books Co.

4EE02/4EP02/4EX02 ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS & INSTRUMENTATION

Course Outcomes:

A student completing this course, should be able to:

1. Classify the various measuring instruments like PMMC, MI, Electrodynamometer, and Induction type instruments for measurement of current, voltage, power, and energy.
2. Demonstrate the construction & working of Instrument Transformers and special purpose meters.
3. Analyze various methods for measurement of resistance, inductance, and capacitance using AC/DC bridges.
4. Explain the working of various Digital measuring instruments.
5. Explain the generalized Instrumentation system & working of different transducers.

Unit-I: Analog Instruments - Classification of measuring instrument, Different torques in measuring instrument, Analog Ammeter, Voltmeter, Electrodynamometer type Construction, theory of operation, torque equation, errors, merits and demerits of each type.

Unit II : Wattmeter and Energy meter-Construction, theory of operation, torque equation, errors, merits and demerits of each type.

Analysis of three phase balanced load:- Blondell's theorem, Measurement of active and reactive power in single phase and three phase circuits.

Unit III : Instrument transformers- C.T.and P.T., Importance, theory and construction, phasor diagram, causes of errors, testing, and applications.

Special Instruments- Frequency meter, Power factor meter, Phase sequence indicator, Synchroscope and Stroboscope.

Unit IV: Measurement of circuit parameters- Different methods of measurement of low, medium, high value of resistance, sensitivity and accuracy of different methods. AC and DC bridges, Wheat -stone, Kelvin, Maxwell ,Wein , Hay , De-Sauty ,Schering , Owen , Anderson's bridge.

Unit V:

Digital methods of measurements, Introduction to A/D, D/A techniques , F/V and V/F conversion techniques , Digital voltmeter (DVM), ammeter, wattmeter, multi-meter and Electronic energy meter, Sources of error, Inherent error in digital meters.

Unit VI:

Generalized Instrumentation system- characteristics of measurement and Instrumentation system. Transducers: Definition, classification, Specification, selection, loading effect, Displacement, velocity transducers, Force and torque transducers, Resistive, inductive, Capacitive, strain gauge transducers, Piezoelectric, current and voltage transducers. Elastic-members (Bellows, Bourdon tube, Diaphragm)

Text Book: A.K. Sawhney, 'Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation', Dhanpat Rai& Co (P) L

Reference Books:

1. E.W.Golding&F.C.Widdis, 'Electrical Measurements & Measuring Instruments', A.H.Wheeler& Co.
2. Albert D. Helfrick& William D. Cooper, 'Modern Electronic Instrumentation & Measurement Techniques', Prentice Hall of India, .
3. Joseph. J. Carr, 'Elements of Electronic Instrumentation & Measurements', III edition, Pearson Education.
4. Bouwens, A.J., "Digital Instrumentation", McGraw Hill.

4EP03 CONTROL SYSTEMS

Course Outcomes:

After completing this course, student will be able to:

1. Demonstrate the fundamental concepts of automatic Control and mathematical modeling of the Systems.
2. Determine the transfer function of control system components.
3. Analyze the time response of various systems and performance of controllers.
4. Evaluate the stability of linear systems using various methods.

Unit I : Introduction to automatic control

Open loop and closed loop system, servo-mechanisms, mathematical modeling of physical systems, transfer functions, block diagrams and signal flow graphs. Effect of feedback on sensitivity to parameter variation and reduction of the noise.

Unit II : Control System Components

Electrical / Electro-mechanical components such as A.C./D.C. servomotors, stepper motors, synchros, potentiometers, tacho-generators, encoders, their functional analysis and operating characteristics and their application.

Unit III: Time response analysis:

Time response of first and second order systems to standard inputs. Time response specifications, types of system, error analysis, error coefficients, steady state errors, dynamic error series. Approximate methods for higher order system, proportional, derivative and integral control.

Unit IV: Stability

Stability of control systems, characteristics equation, impulse response, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion, relative stability. Root Locus: construction of root locus, determination of roots from root locus conditions on variable parameter for stability, effect of addition of poles and zeros.

Unit V: Frequency response methods

Frequency response of linear system, specification, Logarithmic frequency response (Bode) plots from transfer function for various systems. Polar plots for various systems. Estimation of approximate transfer functions from the frequency response.

Unit VI: Stability analysis from frequency response : Gain margin and Phase margin; Stability analysis from Bode plots. Nyquist criterion, Nyquist plots and stability analysis.

Books Recommended:

Text Book: Nagrath I.J., Gopal M.: Control System Engineering, Wiley Eastern.

Reference Books:

1. Control Engineering, D.Ganesh Rao, k. Chennavenkatesh, 2010, PEARSON
2. Ogata K.: Modern Control Systems, Prentice Hall of India.
3. Control Systems by K.R.Varmah TMH edition 2010
4. Linear Control Systems, Ashfaq Hussain, Haroon Ashfaq, Dhanpat Rai & co.

4EP04 NUMERICAL METHODS & OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

Course Outcome:

After completing this course students will be able to

1. Solve linear and Simultaneous Equations with the help of Numerical Methods.
2. Apply various Numerical methods to fit the curve.
3. Solve Numerical differentiation, integration, and Differential Equations.
4. Solve linear, non linear and dynamic optimization problem by various methods.
5. Determine the optimum scheduling by using CPM and PERT.

Unit I:

(a) Absolute, relative and percentage errors and analysis, Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations: Bisection Method, False Position method, Newton Raphson methods, Successive approximation method

(b) **Solution of Simultaneous Algebraic Equations:** matrix inverse method, Gauss elimination method, Iterative method-Jacobi's Method, Gauss Seidel Method; Eigen values of a matrix.

Unit II:

(a) Curve fitting by Least Square Method, Correlations and Regression.

(b) Newton's forward and backward interpolation method, Newton's Divided Difference Method, Lagrange's Interpolation method, Interpolation with Cubic Splines.

Unit III:

Numerical differentiation by Taylor series method, Maximum and minimum values, Numerical Integration by Trapezoidal, Simpsons one third and three eight rules, Numerical solution to differential equations by Taylor Series, Euler's method, RungeKutta second and fourth order methods

Unit IV:

Basics of Optimization Techniques, Linear programming - standard form, definitions and theorems, graphical method, simplex method, two phase simplex method, balanced and unbalanced transportation problems.

Unit V:

Non linear programming: unimodal function, Fibonacci search method and golden section method, Steepest descent method, conjugate gradient method, unconstrained optimization, direct search method.

Unit VI:

Dynamic programming: multistage decision processes, principle of optimality, sub optimization, calculus and tabular method of solution, conversion of final value problem into initial value problem.

CPM and PERT: introduction, Network representation of project, critical path, Probability of completion of project, optimum scheduling by CPM, crashing of project.

Books Recommended:

Text Books:

1. Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis; S. S. Sastry (PHI)
2. Engineering Optimization – Theory & Practice; S. S. Rao (New Age International Pvt. Ltd.)

Reference Books:

1. Mathematical Statistics by J. N. Kapoor, Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd
2. Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science; B. S. Grewal (Khanna Publishers)
3. PERT and CPM- Principles & Application; L. S. Srinath (Affiliated East-West press pvt. Ltd)
4. Optimization for Engineering Design - Algorithms and Examples by Kalyan Moy Deb, PHI Pub.

4EE04/ 4EP05 /4EX04 ANALOG AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course, students will be able to

1. Explain the principles of operational amplifiers, parameters of op-amp
2. Illustrate the linear and nonlinear applications of op-amp
3. Demonstrate the knowledge of Voltage regulator and Timer ICs
4. Describe the working of Logic families and their applications.
5. Demonstrate the knowledge of combinational and sequential circuits and its application

Unit I:

Introduction to IC's: Operation amplifier; Block schematic internal circuits, Level shifting, overload protection, study of IC 741 op-amp, Measurement of op-amp parameter.

Unit II:

Linear and Non-linear Application of Op-amp: Inverting and non inverting amplifiers, voltage follower, integrator, differentiator differential amplifier, op amp as adder subtractor, op amp as a log and antilog amplifier

Sinusoidal RC-phase shift and Wein bridge oscillators, clipping, clamping and comparator circuits using op-amps.

Unit III:

Other linear IC's : Block schematic of regulator IC 723, and its applications, study of 78XX, 79XX and its applications, SMPS, Block schematic of timer IC 555 and its applications as a timer, a stable, mono stable, bistable multivibrator and other applications, Operation of phase lock loop system and IC 565 PLL, its application.

Unit IV: Basic Logic Circuits : Logic gate characteristics, NMOS inverter, propagation delay, NMOS logic gate, CMOS inverter, CMOS logic gates, BJT inverter, TTL, NAND gate, TTL output, state TTL logic families, ECL circuits, composition logic families.

Unit V:

Combinational Digital Circuits: Standard gate assemblies, Binary adder, Arithmetic functions, Digital comparator, Parity check generator, Decoder / demultiplexer, Data selector / multiplexer, Encoder

Unit VI:

Sequential Circuits and Systems: Bistable Latch, Flip-Flop clocked SR, J-K, T, D type shift Registers, counter. Design using flip-flops, Ripple and synchronous types, application of counters

Books Recommended:-

Text Book: Millman, Microelectronics, 2nd Ed., McGraw Hill.

Reference Books:

1. Gayakwad, Op-Amp & LLG, 2nd Ed.
2. Malvino & Leach, Digital Principles & Applications, 4th Ed., McGraw Hill.
3. K.B. Botkar, Integrated Electronics (Khanna Publishers.)

4EE07/ 4EP06 /4EX06 ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS & INSTRUMENTATION- LAB

Minimum eight experiments based on the syllabus content of 4EP02 Electrical Measurements & Instrumentation. The intensive list of experiment is given below.

1. Measurements of Low resistance by using Kelvin double Bridge.
2. Measurements of Medium resistance by Ammeter Voltmeter method/Wheatstone Bridge
3. Measurement of High resistance by Loss of Charge method.
4. Measurement of Insulation resistance by using Megger

5. Measurement of unknown Inductance using Maxwell Bridge/Hay Bridge/Anderson Bridge
6. Measurement of Unknown Capacitance by Desauty Bridge/Schering Bridge
7. Measurement of frequency using Wien Bridge
8. Extension of range of ammeter using shunt/CT.
9. Extension of range of voltmeter using multiplier/PT.
10. Calibration of Wattmeter by Phantom loading
11. Calibration of energy meter to detect the error in it.
12. Measurement of active & reactive power measurement in 1 phase / 3 phase circuit.
13. Measurement of rotational speed using stroboscope
14. Conversion of non electrical quantity into its equivalent electrical quantity using proper transducer.
15. Compare the accuracy, preciseness, sensitivity of Analog & Digital Measuring Instruments.

4EP07 CONTROL SYSTEM LAB

Minimum eight experiments based on the syllabus content of 4EP03Control System. The intensive list of experiment is given below.

1. Study of Potentiometer
2. Study of A.C. Synchro and its characteristics
3. Determination of Transfer Function of D.C. Generator
4. Determination Of Transfer Function of D.C.Servomotor and Its Characteristics
5. Performance Characteristics of a D.C. Motor Angular Position Control System
6. Determination Of Frequency Response of Given R-C Network
7. Determination Of Transfer Function of A.C. Tacho-Generator
8. Experimental Study Of The Operating Characteristics of a Small Stepper Motor and Its Controller
9. Study Closed Loop PI Controller System and Its Time Response to Different Input.
10. Experimental Study of Position Control of DC Motor using Arduino
11. Experimental Study of Time Domain Analysis of Second Order Control System
12. Study AC Position Control System

4EE09/ 4EP08 /4EX08 ANALOG AND DIGITAL CIRCUIT LAB

Minimum eight experiments based on the syllabus content of 4EP05Analog & Digital Circuit. The intensive list of experiment is given below.

1. To Plot Frequency Response Of Non-Inverting Mode Of Op-Amp Using IC741 and Determine the Bandwidth & Maximum Gain
2. To Plot Frequency Response Of Inverting Mode Of Op-Amp Using IC741 and Determine the Bandwidth & Maximum Gain
3. To Perform Op-Amp as Differentiator Using IC741 .
4. Design The Circuit for Supplying 5V,25mA As A Low Voltage Regulator Using IC 723
5. Verification Of Truth Table Of Various Logic Gates Using ICs
6. To Study and Verify The Operation Of SR and MS ,JK Flip Flop
7. To Verify The Operation Of Multiplexer Using IC74153.
8. To Design And Verify Function Of Decade Counterusing IC 7490
9. To Verify The Truth Table Of 4 Bit Comparator
10. To Perform Op-Amp As Integrator Using IC741
11. A stable Multi-vibrator Using IC 555timer
12. To Study And Verify The Operation Of Half-Adder And Full-Adder.

4EE10/ 4EP09 /4EX09 ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY LAB

Perform Minimum Eight experiments / demonstration based on the following contentand prepare the report as a term work for this laboratory.

- **Study of electronic Components:** Identification of components, name, types, symbol, size, rating and application.
- **Handling Electronic Components:** Finding values and testing (using DMM), test working condition, fault detection.
- **Working with breadboards:** understanding the breadboards for component mounting, working with small circuits on breadboard

- **Soldering:**Soldering skill tips- use of proper soldering Iron, Metal, Flux, Cleaning, Tinning etc., mounting components on zero PCB, testing of small circuits mounted on zero PCB. De-soldering of components
- **PCB Layout and design:** Understanding different PCBs, Working on PCB Layout (Software), PCB etching, drilling on PCB, Mounting components on PCB, Working with small circuits on PCB and their testing
- **Electronic circuit Simulation:** Familiarizing with the simulation software, simulation and result validation of simple circuit with software.
